
mh-utils

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Utilities for handing ancillary files produced by MassHunter.

The current utilities are as follows:

- `mh_utils.worklist_parser`: Parse Agilent MassHunter Worklists (*.wkl files).
- `mh_utils.cef_parser`: Parse Agilent MassHunter Compound Exchange Format files (*.cef files).

**CHAPTER
ONE**

INSTALLATION

1.1 from PyPI

```
$ python3 -m pip install mh_utils --user
```

1.2 from Anaconda

First add the required channels

```
$ conda config --add channels https://conda.anaconda.org/conda-forge
$ conda config --add channels https://conda.anaconda.org/domdfcoding
```

Then install

```
$ conda install mh_utils
```

1.3 from GitHub

```
$ python3 -m pip install git+https://github.com/domdfcoding/mh_utils@master --user
```

API REFERENCE

2.1 mh_utils.utils

General utility functions.

Functions:

<code>as_path(val)</code>	Returns <code>val</code> as a <code>PureWindowsPath</code> , or <code>None</code> if the value is empty/ <code>None/False</code> .
<code>camel_to_snake(name)</code>	Convert name from CamelCase to snake_case.
<code>element_to_bool(val)</code>	Returns the boolean representation of <code>val</code> .
<code>make_timedelta(minutes)</code>	Construct a timedelta from a value in minutes.
<code>strip_string(val)</code>	Returns <code>val</code> as a string, without any leading or trailing whitespace.

as_path (val)

Returns `val` as a `PureWindowsPath`, or `None` if the value is empty/`None/False`.

Parameters `val` (`Any`) – The value to convert to a path

Return type `Optional[PureWindowsPath]`

camel_to_snake (name)

Convert name from CamelCase to snake_case.

Parameters `name` (`str`) – The CamelCase string to convert to snake_case.

Return type `str`

element_to_bool (val)

Returns the boolean representation of `val`.

Values of `-1` are counted as `True` for the purposes of this function.

`True` values are `'y'`, `'yes'`, `'t'`, `'true'`, `'on'`, `'1'`, `1`, `-1`, and `'-1'`.

`False` values are `'n'`, `'no'`, `'f'`, `'false'`, `'off'`, `'0'`, and `0`.

Raises `ValueError` if ‘`val`’ is anything else.

Return type `bool`

make_timedelta (minutes)

Construct a timedelta from a value in minutes.

Parameters `minutes` (`Union[float, timedelta]`)

Return type `timedelta`

Changed in version 0.1.0: Moved from `mh_utils.cef_parser`.

`strip_string(val)`

Returns `val` as a string, without any leading or trailing whitespace.

Parameters `val (str)`

Return type `str`

2.2 mh_utils.xml

Functions and classes for handling XML files.

Classes:

`XMLFileMixin()`

ABC mixin to provide a function for instantiating the class from an XML file.

Functions:

`get_validated_tree(xml_file[, schema_file])`

Returns a validated lxml objectify from the given XML file, validated against the schema file.

`class XMLFileMixin`

Bases: `ABC`

ABC mixin to provide a function for instantiating the class from an XML file.

Methods:

`from_xml(element)`

Construct an object from an XML element.

`from_xml_file(filename)`

Generate an instance of this class by parsing an from an XML file.

`abstract classmethod from_xml(element)`

Construct an object from an XML element.

`classmethod from_xml_file(filename)`

Generate an instance of this class by parsing an from an XML file.

Parameters `filename (Union[str, Path, PathLike])` – The filename of the XML file.

`get_validated_tree(xml_file, schema_file=None)`

Returns a validated lxml objectify from the given XML file, validated against the schema file.

Parameters

- `xml_file (Union[str, Path, PathLike])` – The XML file to validate.

- `schema_file (Union[str, Path, PathLike, None])` – The schema file to validate against. Default `None`.

Return type `_ElementTree`

Returns An lxml ElementTree object. When `.getroot()` us called on the tree the root will be an instance of `lxml.objectify.ObjectifiedElement`.

2.3 mh_utils.cef_parser

Parser for MassHunter Compound Exchange Format .cef files.

A CEF file represents a file identified in LC-MS data by MassHunter Qualitative. It consists of a list of compounds encapsulated in a *CompoundList*.

A *CompoundList* consists of *Compound* objects representing the individual compounds identified in the data. Each *Compound* object contains information on the location of that compound within the LC data (*location*), the scores indicating the confidence of the match (*compound_scores*), a list of possible matching compounds (*results*), and the matching mass spectrum extracted from the LC-MS data (*spectra*).

The following diagram represents this structure:

- *CompoundList*
 - *Compound*
 - * *Compound.algo* str
 - * *Compound.location* Optional[*LocationDict*]
 - * *Compound.compound_scores* Optional[Dict[str, Score]]
 - * *Compound.results* List
 - *Molecule*
 - Another *Molecule*
 - ...
 - * *Compound.spectra* List
 - *Spectrum*
 - Another *Spectrum*
 - ...
 - Another *Compound*
 - ...

Classes:

<i>Compound</i> ([algo, location, compound_scores, ...])	Represents a compound identified in mass spectral data by MassHunter Qualitative.
<i>CompoundList</i> ([instrument, compounds])	A list of Compound objects parsed from a CEF file.
<i>Device</i> (device_type, number)	Represents the device that acquired a <i>Spectrum</i> .
<i>Flag</i> (string, severity)	Represents a flag in a score, to warn that the identification of a compound is poor.
<i>LocationDict</i>	<i>TypedDict</i> representing the location of a spectrum within mass spectrometry data.
<i>Molecule</i> (name[, formula, matches])	Represents a molecule in a CEF file.
<i>Peak</i> (x, rx, y[, charge, label])	A peak in a Mass Spectrum.
<i>RTRange</i> ([start, end])	Represents an <RTRange> element from a CEF file.
<i>Score</i> (score[, flag_string, flag_severity])	A score indicating how well the compound matches the observed spectrum.
<i>Spectrum</i> ([spectrum_type, algorithm, ...])	Agilent CEF Spectrum.

Functions:

<code>make_timedelta(minutes)</code>	Construct a timedelta from a value in minutes.
<code>parse_cef(filename)</code>	Construct an <code>CompoundList</code> object from the given .cef file.
<code>parse_compound_scores(element)</code>	Parse a <CompoundScores> element into a dictionary mapping algorithms to scores.
<code>parse_match_scores(element)</code>	Parse a <MatchScores> element into a dictionary mapping algorithms to scores.

class Compound(algo='', location=None, compound_scores=None, results=None, spectra=None)

Bases: `Dictable`

Represents a compound identified in mass spectral data by MassHunter Qualitative.

Parameters

- **algo** (`str`) – The algorithm used to identify the compound. Default ''.
- **location** (`Optional[LocationDict]`) – A dictionary of information to locate the compound in the spectral data. Default `None`.
- **compound_scores** (`Optional[Dict[str, Score]]`) – A dictionary of compound scores. Default `None`.
- **results** (`Optional[Sequence[Molecule]]`) – A list of molecules that match the spectrum. Default `None`.
- **spectra** (`Optional[Sequence[Spectrum]]`) – A list of spectra for the compound. Default `None`.

Methods:

<code>__repr__()</code>	Returns a string representation of the <code>Compound</code> .
<code>__str__()</code>	Returns the <code>Compound</code> as a string.
<code>from_xml(element)</code>	Construct a <code>Compound</code> object from an XML element.

Attributes:

<code>algo</code>	The algorithm used to identify the compound.
<code>compound_scores</code>	A dictionary of compound scores
<code>location</code>	A dictionary of information to locate the compound in the spectral data
<code>results</code>	A list of molecules that match the spectrum.
<code>spectra</code>	A list of spectra for the compound.

`__repr__()`

Returns a string representation of the `Compound`.

Return type `str`

`__str__()`

Returns the `Compound` as a string.

Return type `str`

`algo`

Type: `str`

The algorithm used to identify the compound.

`compound_scores`

Type: `Dict[str, Score]`

A dictionary of compound scores

`classmethod from_xml(element)`

Construct a `Compound` object from an XML element.

Parameters `element` (`ObjectifiedElement`) – a Compound XML element from a CEF file.

Return type `Compound`

`location`

Type: `LocationDict`

A dictionary of information to locate the compound in the spectral data

`results`

Type: `List[Molecule]`

A list of molecules that match the spectrum.

`spectra`

Type: `List[Spectrum]`

A list of spectra for the compound.

`class CompoundList(instrument='', compounds=None)`

Bases: `NamedList`

A list of Compound objects parsed from a CEF file.

The full `list` API is available for this class.

Parameters

- `instrument (str)` – String identifying the instrument that acquired the data. Default ''.
- `compounds (Optional[Iterable[Compound]])` – List of compounds identified in the mass spectrometry data. Default `None`.

Methods:

<code>__repr__()</code>	Return a string representation of the <code>NamedList</code> .
<code>__str__()</code>	Returns the list as a string.
<code>from_xml(element)</code>	Construct a <code>CompoundList</code> object from an XML element.

Attributes:

<code>instrument</code>	The type of instrument that obtained the data, e.g.
-------------------------	---

`__repr__()`

Return a string representation of the `NamedList`.

Return type `str`

`__str__()`

Returns the list as a string.

Return type `str`

classmethod `from_xml(element)`

Construct a `CompoundList` object from an XML element.

Parameters `element` (`ObjectifiedElement`) – The XML element to parse the data from.

Return type `CompoundList`

instrument

Type: `str`

The type of instrument that obtained the data, e.g. "LCQTOF".

class `Device(device_type, number)`

Bases: `object`

Represents the device that acquired a `Spectrum`.

Parameters

- `device_type` – String identifying the type of device.
- `number`

Attributes:

`device_type`

String identifying the type of device.

`number`

Methods:

`from_dict(d)`

Construct an instance of `Device` from a dictionary.

`from_xml(element)`

Construct a `Device` object from an XML element.

`to_dict([convert_values])`

Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the `Device` object.

device_type

Type: `str`

String identifying the type of device.

classmethod `from_dict(d)`

Construct an instance of `Device` from a dictionary.

Parameters `d` (`Mapping[str, Any]`) – The dictionary

classmethod `from_xml(element)`

Construct a `Device` object from an XML element.

Parameters `element` (`ObjectifiedElement`) – a <Device> XML element from a CEF file

Return type `Device`

number

Type: `int`

`to_dict(convert_values=False)`

Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the `Device` object.

Parameters `convert_values` (`bool`) – Recursively convert values into dictionaries, lists etc. as appropriate. Default `False`.

Return type `MutableMapping[str, Any]`

```
class Flag(string: str, severity: int)
Bases: str
```

Represents a flag in a score, to warn that the identification of a compound is poor.

Parameters

- **string** – The text of the flag
- **severity** – The severity of the flag

Methods:

<code>__bool__()</code>	Returns a boolean representation of the <i>Flag</i> .
<code>__eq__(other)</code>	Return <code>self == other</code> .
<code>__ne__(other)</code>	Return <code>self != other</code> .
<code>__repr__()</code>	Returns a string representation of the <i>Flag</i> .

`__bool__()`

Returns a boolean representation of the *Flag*.

Return type `bool`

`__eq__(other)`

Return `self == other`.

Return type `bool`

`__ne__(other)`

Return `self != other`.

Return type `bool`

`__repr__()`

Returns a string representation of the *Flag*.

Return type `str`

```
typeddict LocationDict
```

Bases: `dict`

`TypedDict` representing the location of a spectrum within mass spectrometry data.

Optional Keys

- **m** (`float`) – the accurate mass of the compound, determined from the observed mass spectrum.
- **rt** (`float`) – The retention time at which the compound was detected.
- **a** (`float`) – The area of the peak in the EIC.
- **y** (`float`) – The height of the peak in the EIC.

```
class Molecule(name, formula=None, matches=None)
```

Bases: `Dictable`

Represents a molecule in a CEF file.

Parameters

- **name** (`str`) – The name of the compound

- **formula** (`Union[str, Formula, None]`) – The formula of the compound. If a string it must be parsable by `chemistry_tools.formulae.Formula`. Default `None`.
- **matches** (`Optional[Dict[str, Score]]`) – Dictionary of algo: score match values. Default `None`.

Methods:

<code>__repr__()</code>	Returns a string representation of the <code>Molecule</code> .
<code>__str__()</code>	Returns the molecule as a string.
<code>from_xml(element)</code>	Construct a <code>Molecule</code> object from an XML element.

`__repr__()`

Returns a string representation of the `Molecule`.

Return type `str`

`__str__()`

Returns the molecule as a string.

Return type `str`

`classmethod from_xml(element)`

Construct a `Molecule` object from an XML element.

Parameters `element` (`ObjectifiedElement`) – a Molecule XML element

Return type `Molecule`

`parse_cef(filename)`

Construct an `CompoundList` object from the given .cef file.

Parameters `filename` (`Union[str, Path, PathLike]`) – The filename of the CEF file to read.

Return type `CompoundList`

`parse_compound_scores(element)`

Parse a <CompoundScores> element into a dictionary mapping algorithms to scores.

Parameters `element` (`ObjectifiedElement`) – a CompoundScores XML element.

Return type `Dict[str, Score]`

`parse_match_scores(element)`

Parse a <MatchScores> element into a dictionary mapping algorithms to scores.

Parameters `element` (`ObjectifiedElement`) – a MatchScores XML element.

Return type `Dict[str, Score]`

`class Peak(x, rx, y, charge=0, label="")`

Bases: `object`

A peak in a Mass Spectrum.

Parameters

- **x**
- **rx**
- **y** – The height of the peak in the EIC.
- **charge** – The charge on the peak. Default 0.

- **label** – The label of the peak. e.g. “M+H”. Default ‘ ’.

Attributes:

<code>charge</code>	The charge on the peak.
<code>label</code>	The label of the peak.
<code>rx</code>	
<code>x</code>	
<code>y</code>	

Methods:

<code>from_dict(d)</code>	Construct an instance of <code>Peak</code> from a dictionary.
<code>from_xml(element)</code>	Construct a <code>Peak</code> object from an XML element.
<code>to_dict([convert_values])</code>	Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the <code>Peak</code> object.

charge**Type:** `int`

The charge on the peak.

classmethod from_dict(d)Construct an instance of `Peak` from a dictionary.**Parameters** `d` (`Mapping[str, Any]`) – The dictionary**classmethod from_xml(element)**Construct a `Peak` object from an XML element.**Parameters** `element` (`ObjectifiedElement`) – a <p> XML element from an <MS-Peaks> element of a CEF file**Return type** `Peak`**label****Type:** `str`

The label of the peak. e.g. “M+H”

rx**Type:** `float`**to_dict(convert_values=False)**Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the `Peak` object.**Parameters** `convert_values` (`bool`) – Recursively convert values into dictionaries, lists etc. as appropriate. Default `False`.**Return type** `MutableMapping[str, Any]`**x****Type:** `float`**y****Type:** `float`

The height of the peak in the EIC.

class RTRange (start=0.0, end=0.0)Bases: `object`

Represents an <RTRange> element from a CEF file.

Parameters

- **start** – The start time in minutes . Default 0 . 0.
- **end** – The end time in minutes . Default 0 . 0.

Attributes:

<code>end</code>	The end time in minutes
<code>start</code>	The start time in minutes

Methods:

<code>from_dict(d)</code>	Construct an instance of <code>RTRange</code> from a dictionary.
<code>from_xml(element)</code>	Construct ab <code>RTRange</code> object from an XML element.
<code>to_dict([convert_values])</code>	Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the <code>RTRange</code> object.

`end`

Type: `timedelta`

The end time in minutes

`classmethod from_dict(d)`

Construct an instance of `RTRange` from a dictionary.

Parameters `d` (`Mapping[str, Any]`) – The dictionary

`classmethod from_xml(element)`

Construct ab `RTRange` object from an XML element.

Parameters `element` (`ObjectifiedElement`) – The <RTRange> XML element to parse the data from.

Return type `RTRange`

`start`

Type: `timedelta`

The start time in minutes

`to_dict(convert_values=False)`

Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the `RTRange` object.

Parameters `convert_values` (`bool`) – Recursively convert values into dictionaries, lists etc. as appropriate. Default `False`.

Return type `MutableMapping[str, Any]`

`class Score(score, flag_string='', flag_severity=0)`

Bases: `float`

A score indicating how well the compound matches the observed spectrum.

Parameters

- **score** – The score
- **flag_string** (`str`) – Optional flag. See `Flag` for details. Default ''.

- **flag_severity** (`int`) – The severity of the flag. Default 0.

```
class Spectrum(spectrum_type='', algorithm='', saturation_limit=0, scans=0, scan_type='', ionisation='', polarity=0, voltage=0.0, device=None, peaks=None, rt_ranges=None)
Bases: Dictable
```

Agilent CEF Spectrum.

Parameters

- **spectrum_type** (`str`) – The type of spectrum e.g. 'FbF'. Default ''.
- **algorithm** (`str`) – The algorithm used to identify the compound. Default ''.
- **saturation_limit** (`int`) – Unknown. Might mean saturation limit?. Default 0.
- **scans** (`int`) – Unknown. Presumably the number of scans that make up the spectrum?. Default 0.
- **scan_type** (`str`) – Default ''.
- **ionisation** (`str`) – The type of ionisation e.g. ESI. Default ''.
- **polarity** (`Union[str, int]`) – The polarity of the ionisation. Default 0.
- **device** (`Optional[Device]`) – The device that acquired the data. Default `None`.
- **peaks** (`Optional[Sequence[Peak]]`) – A list of identified peaks in the mass spectrum. Default `None`.
- **rt_ranges** (`Optional[Sequence[RTRange]]`) – A list of retention time ranges for the mass spectrum. Default `None`.

Methods:

<code>__repr__()</code>	Returns a string representation of the <i>Spectrum</i> .
<code>from_xml(element)</code>	Construct a <i>Spectrum</i> object from an XML element.

`__repr__()`
Returns a string representation of the *Spectrum*.

Return type `str`

`classmethod from_xml(element)`
Construct a *Spectrum* object from an XML element.

Parameters `element` (`ObjectifiedElement`) – a Spectrum XML element from a CEF file

Return type `Spectrum`

2.4 mh_utils.worklist_parser

Parser for MassHunter worklists.

Only one function is defined here: `read_worklist`, which reads the given worklist file and returns a `mh_utils.worklist_parser.classes.Worklist` file representing it. The other functions and classes must be imported from submodules of this package.

Functions:

<code>read_worklist(filename)</code>	Read the worklist from the given file.
--------------------------------------	--

`read_worklist` (*filename*)

Read the worklist from the given file.

Parameters `filename` (`Union[str, Path, PathLike]`) – The filename of the worklist.

Return type `Worklist`

2.4.1 mh_utils.worklist_parser.classes

Main classes for the worklist parser.

Classes:

<code>Attribute(attribute_id, attribute_type, ...)</code>	Represents an Attribute.
<code>Checksum(SchemaVersion, HASHCODE)</code>	ALGO_VERSION, Represents a checksum for a worklist.
<code>JobData(id, job_type, run_status[, sample_info])</code>	Class that represents an entry in the worklist.
<code>Macro(project_name, procedure_name, ...)</code>	Represents a macro in a worklist.
<code>Worklist(version, locked_run_mode, ...)</code>	Class that represents an Agilent MassHunter worklist.

class Attribute (*attribute_id*, *attribute_type*, *field_type*, *system_name*, *header_name*, *data_type*, *default_data_value*, *reorder_id*, *show_hide_status*, *column_width*)

Bases: `object`

Represents an Attribute.

Parameters

- **`attribute_id`**
- **`attribute_type`** – Can be System Defined (0), System Used (1), or User Added (2).
- **`field_type`** – Each of the system defined columns have a field type starting from samplid = 0 to reserved6 = 24. The system used column can be ‘compound param’ = 35, ‘optim param’ = 36, ‘mass param’ = 37 and ‘protein param’ = 38. The User added columns start from 45.
- **`system_name`**
- **`header_name`**
- **`data_type`**
- **`default_data_value`**
- **`reorder_id`**

- `show_hide_status`
- `column_width`

Attributes:

<code>attribute_id</code>	
<code>attribute_type</code>	Can be System Defined (0), System Used (1), or User Added (2).
<code>column_width</code>	
<code>data_type</code>	
<code>default_data_value</code>	
<code>field_type</code>	Each of the system defined columns have a field type starting from sampleid = 0 to reserved6 = 24.
<code>header_name</code>	
<code>reorder_id</code>	
<code>show_hide_status</code>	
<code>system_name</code>	

Methods:

<code>from_dict(d)</code>	Construct an instance of <code>Attribute</code> from a dictionary.
<code>from_xml(element)</code>	Construct an <code>Attribute</code> object from an XML element.
<code>to_dict([convert_values])</code>	Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the <code>Attribute</code> object.

attribute_idType: `int`**attribute_type**Type: `AttributeType`

Can be System Defined (0), System Used (1), or User Added (2).

column_widthType: `int`**data_type**Type: `Any`**default_data_value**Type: `str`**field_type**Type: `int`

Each of the system defined columns have a field type starting from sampleid = 0 to reserved6 = 24. The system used column can be ‘compound param’ = 35, ‘optim param’ = 36, ‘mass param’ = 37 and ‘protein param’ = 38. The User added columns start from 45.

classmethod from_dict(d)Construct an instance of `Attribute` from a dictionary.**Parameters** `d` (`Mapping[str, Any]`) – The dictionary

```
classmethod from_xml(element)
    Construct an Attribute object from an XML element.

    Return type Attribute

header_name
    Type: str

reorder_id
    Type: int

show_hide_status
    Type: bool

system_name
    Type: str

to_dict(convert_values=False)
    Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the Attribute object.
```

Parameters `convert_values` (`bool`) – Recursively convert values into dictionaries, lists etc. as appropriate. Default `False`.

Return type `MutableMapping[str, Any]`

class Checksum(SchemaVersion, ALGO_VERSION, HASHCODE)
Bases: `object`

Represents a checksum for a worklist.

The format of the checksum is unknown.

Parameters

- `SchemaVersion`
- `ALGO_VERSION`
- `HASHCODE`

Attributes:

`ALGO_VERSION`

`HASHCODE`

`SchemaVersion`

Methods:

<code>from_dict(d)</code>	Construct an instance of <code>Checksum</code> from a dictionary.
<code>from_xml(element)</code>	Construct a <code>Checksum</code> object from an XML element.
<code>to_dict([convert_values])</code>	Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the <code>Checksum</code> object.

`ALGO_VERSION`

Type: `int`

`HASHCODE`

Type: `str`

`SchemaVersion`

Type: `int`

classmethod `from_dict(d)`
Construct an instance of `Checksum` from a dictionary.

Parameters `d` (`Mapping[str, Any]`) – The dictionary

classmethod `from_xml(element)`
Construct a `Checksum` object from an XML element.

Return type `Checksum`

to_dict(convert_values=False)
Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the `Checksum` object.

Parameters `convert_values` (`bool`) – Recursively convert values into dictionaries, lists etc. as appropriate. Default `False`.

Return type `MutableMapping[str, Any]`

class `JobData(id, job_type, run_status, sample_info=None)`
Bases: `Dictable`

Class that represents an entry in the worklist.

Parameters

- `id` (`Union[str, UUID]`) – The ID of the job.
- `job_type` (`int`) – The type of job. TODO: enum of values
- `run_status` (`int`) – The status of the analysis. TODO: enum of values
- `sample_info` (`Optional[dict]`) – Optional key: value mapping of information about the sample. Default `None`.

Methods:

<code>__repr__()</code>	Return a string representation of the <code>Dictable</code> .
<code>from_xml(element[, user_columns])</code>	Construct a <code>JobData</code> object from an XML element.

__repr__()
Return a string representation of the `Dictable`.

Return type `str`

classmethod `from_xml(element, user_columns=None)`
Construct a `JobData` object from an XML element.

Parameters

- `element` (`ObjectifiedElement`) – The XML element to parse the data from
- `user_columns` (`Optional[Dict[str, Column]]`) – Optional mapping of user column labels to `Column` objects. Default `None`.

Return type `JobData`

class `Macro(project_name, procedure_name, input_parameter, output_data_type, output_parameter, display_string)`
Bases: `object`

Represents a macro in a worklist.

Parameters

- `project_name`
- `procedure_name`
- `input_parameter`
- `output_data_type`
- `output_parameter`
- `display_string`

Attributes:

<code>display_string</code>	
<code>input_parameter</code>	
<code>output_data_type</code>	
<code>output_parameter</code>	
<code>procedure_name</code>	
<code>project_name</code>	
<code>undefined</code>	Returns whether the macro is undefined.

Methods:

<code>from_dict(d)</code>	Construct an instance of <code>Macro</code> from a dictionary.
<code>from_xml(element)</code>	Construct a <code>Macro</code> object from an XML element.
<code>to_dict([convert_values])</code>	Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the <code>Macro</code> object.

`display_string`

Type: `str`

`classmethod from_dict(d)`

Construct an instance of `Macro` from a dictionary.

Parameters `d` (`Mapping[str, Any]`) – The dictionary

`classmethod from_xml(element)`

Construct a `Macro` object from an XML element.

Return type `Macro`

`input_parameter`

Type: `str`

`output_data_type`

Type: `int`

`output_parameter`

Type: `str`

`procedure_name`

Type: `str`

`project_name`

Type: `str`

`to_dict(convert_values=False)`

Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the `Macro` object.

Parameters `convert_values` (`bool`) – Recursively convert values into dictionaries, lists etc. as appropriate. Default `False`.

Return type `MutableMapping[str, Any]`

property undefined

Returns whether the macro is undefined.

Return type `bool`

class Worklist (`version, locked_run_mode, instrument_name, params, user_columns, jobs, checksum`)
Bases: `XMLFileMixin, Dictable`

Class that represents an Agilent MassHunter worklist.

Parameters

- `version` (`float`) – WorklistInfo version number
- `locked_run_mode` (`bool`) – Flag to indicate whether the data was acquired in locked mode. Yes = -1. No = 0.
- `instrument_name` (`str`) – The name of the instrument.
- `params` (`dict`) – Mapping of parameter names to values. TODO: Check
- `user_columns` (`dict`) – Mapping of user columns to ??? TODO
- `jobs` (`Sequence[JobData]`)
- `checksum` (`Checksum`) – The checksum of the worklist file. The format is unknown.

Methods:

<code>__repr__()</code>	Return repr(self).
<code>as_dataframe()</code>	Returns the <code>Worklist</code> as a <code>pandas.DataFrame</code> .
<code>from_xml(element)</code>	Construct a <code>Worklist</code> object from an XML element.

`__repr__()`

Return repr(self).

Return type `str`

`as_dataframe()`

Returns the `Worklist` as a `pandas.DataFrame`.

Return type `DataFrame`

`classmethod from_xml(element)`

Construct a `Worklist` object from an XML element.

Return type `Worklist`

2.4.2 mh_utils.worklist_parser.columns

Properties for columns in a Worklist.

Classes:

<code>Column(name, attribute_id, attribute_type, ...)</code>	Represents a column in a worklist.
--	------------------------------------

Functions:

<code>injection_volume(val)</code>	Handle special case for injection volume of -1, which indicates “As Method”.
------------------------------------	--

`class Column(name, attribute_id, attribute_type, dtype, default_value, field_type=None, reorder_id=None)`
Bases: `object`

Represents a column in a worklist.

Parameters

- `name` – The name of the column
- `attribute_id`
- `attribute_type` – can be System Defined = 0, System Used = 1, User Added = 2
- `dtype` (`Callable`)
- `default_value` (`Any`)
- `field_type` (`Optional[int]`) – Each of the system defined columns have a field type starting from sampleid = 0 to reserved6 = 24. The system used column can be ‘compound param’ = 35, ‘optim param’ = 36, ‘mass param’ = 37 and ‘protein param’ = 38. The User added columns start from 45. Default `None`.
- `reorder_id` (`Optional[int]`) – Default `None`.

Methods:

<code>__eq__(other)</code>	Return <code>self == other</code> .
<code>__ge__(other)</code>	Return <code>self >= other</code> .
<code>__getstate__()</code>	Used for <code>pickling</code> .
<code>__gt__(other)</code>	Return <code>self > other</code> .
<code>__le__(other)</code>	Return <code>self <= other</code> .
<code>__lt__(other)</code>	Return <code>self < other</code> .
<code>__ne__(other)</code>	Return <code>self != other</code> .
<code>__repr__()</code>	Return a string representation of the <code>Column</code> .
<code>__setstate__(state)</code>	Used for <code>pickling</code> .
<code>cast_value(value)</code>	Cast <code>value</code> to the <code>dtype</code> of this column.
<code>from_attribute(attribute)</code>	Construct a column for an <code>Attribute</code> .
<code>from_dict(d)</code>	Construct an instance of <code>Column</code> from a dictionary.
<code>to_dict([convert_values])</code>	Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the <code>Column</code> object.

Attributes:

<code>attribute_id</code>	
<code>attribute_type</code>	can be System Defined = 0, System Used = 1, User Added = 2
<code>default_value</code>	
<code>dtype</code>	
<code>field_type</code>	Each of the system defined columns have a field type starting from sampleid = 0 to reserved6 = 24.
<code>name</code>	The name of the column
<code>reorder_id</code>	

`__eq__(other)`

Return `self == other`.

Return type `bool`

`__ge__(other)`

Return `self >= other`.

Return type `bool`

`__getstate__()`

Used for `pickling`.

Automatically created by attrs.

`__gt__(other)`

Return `self > other`.

Return type `bool`

`__le__(other)`

Return `self <= other`.

Return type `bool`

`__lt__(other)`

Return `self < other`.

Return type `bool`

`__ne__(other)`

Return `self != other`.

Return type `bool`

`__repr__()`

Return a string representation of the `Column`.

Return type `str`

`__setstate__(state)`

Used for `pickling`.

Automatically created by attrs.

`attribute_id`

Type: `int`

`attribute_type`

Type: `AttributeType`

can be System Defined = 0, System Used = 1, User Added = 2

```
cast_value (value)
    Cast value to the dtype of this column.

default_value
    Type: Any

dtype
    Type: Callable

field_type
    Type: Optional[int]

Each of the system defined columns have a field type starting from sampleid = 0 to reserved6 = 24. The system used column can be ‘compound param’ = 35, ‘optim param’ = 36, ‘mass param’ = 37 and ‘protein param’ = 38. The User added columns start from 45.

classmethod from_attribute (attribute)
    Construct a column for an Attribute.

    Return type Column

classmethod from_dict (d)
    Construct an instance of Column from a dictionary.

    Parameters d (Mapping[str, Any]) – The dictionary

name
    Type: str
    The name of the column

reorder_id
    Type: Optional[int]

to_dict (convert_values=False)
    Returns a dictionary containing the contents of the Column object.

    Parameters convert_values (bool) – Recursively convert values into dictionaries, lists etc. as appropriate. Default False.

    Return type MutableMapping[str, Any]

injection_volume (val)
    Handle special case for injection volume of -1, which indicates “As Method”.

    Parameters val (Union[float, str])

    Returns

    Return type Union[int, str]

columns
    Mapping of column names to column objects.
```

2.4.3 mh_utils.worklist_parser.enums

Enumerations of values.

Classes:

<code>AttributeType(value)</code>	Enumeration of values for column/attribute types.
-----------------------------------	---

enum AttributeType (value)
Bases: `enum_tools.custom_enums.IntEnum`

Enumeration of values for column/attribute types.

Member Type `int`

Valid values are as follows:

SystemDefined = <AttributeType.SystemDefined: 0>
Attributes defined by the system.

SystemUsed = <AttributeType.SystemUsed: 1>
Attributes used by the system.

UserAdded = <AttributeType.UserAdded: 2>
Attributes added by the user.

2.4.4 mh_utils.worklist_parser.parser

MassHunter worklist parser.

Functions:

<code>parse_datetime(the_date)</code>	Parse a datetime from a worklist or contents file.
<code>parse_params(element)</code>	Parse the worklist execution parameters from XML.
<code>parse_sample_info(element[, user_columns])</code>	Parse information about a sample in a worklist from XML.

Data:

<code>sample_info_tags</code>	Mapping of XML tag names to attribute names.
-------------------------------	--

parse_datetime (the_date)

Parse a datetime from a worklist or contents file.

Parameters `the_date (str)` – The date and time as a string in the following format:

%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S%z

Return type `datetime`

parse_params (element)

Parse the worklist execution parameters from XML.

Parameters `element (ObjectifiedElement)`

Return type `Dict[str, Any]`

Returns Mapping of keys to parameter values.

parse_sample_info(*element*, *user_columns=None*)
 Parse information about a sample in a worklist from XML.

Parameters

- **element** (`ObjectifiedElement`) – The XML element to parse the data from
- **user_columns** (`Optional[Dict[str, Column]]`) – Optional mapping of user column labels to `Column` objects. Default `None`.

Return type `Dict[str, Any]`**sample_info_tags**

Mapping of XML tag names to attribute names.

2.4.5 Example Usage

read_worklist.py worklist.xml

```

1 # 3rd party
2 from pandas import DataFrame
3
4 # this package
5 from mh_utils.worklist_parser import Worklist, read_worklist
6
7 # Replace 'worklist.wkl' with the filename of your worklist.
8 wkl: Worklist = read_worklist("worklist.wkl")
9
10 df: DataFrame = wkl.as_dataframe()
11
12 # Filter columns
13 df = df[["Sample Name", "Method", "Data File", "Drying Gas", "Gas Temp", "Nebulizer"]]
14
15 # Get just the filename from 'Method' and 'Data File'
16 df["Method"] = [x.name for x in df["Method"]]
17 df["Data File"] = [x.name for x in df["Data File"]]
18
19 # Show the DataFrame

```

	Sample Name	Method
0	Methanol Blank +ve	Maitre Gunshot Residue Positive.m
1	Propellant 1mg +ve	Maitre Gunshot Residue Positive.m
2	Propellant 1ug +ve	Maitre Gunshot Residue Positive.m
3	Methanol Blank -ve	Maitre Gunshot Residue Negative.m
4	Propellant 1mg -ve	Maitre Gunshot Residue Negative.m
5	Propellant 1ug -ve	Maitre Gunshot Residue Negative.m
6	Methanol Blank +ve 5ul	Maitre Gunshot Residue Positive 5ul.m
7	Propellant 1mg +ve 5ul	Maitre Gunshot Residue Positive 5ul.m
8	Propellant 1ug +ve 5ul	Maitre Gunshot Residue Positive 5ul.m

(continues on next page)

(continued from previous page)

9	Methanol	Blank	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive	5ul.m	
	↳	Methanol_	Blank_	191121-0010-	r001.d			↳
10	Propellant	1mg	gas	200	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1mg_gas_	200_	191121-0011-	r001.d		200
11	Propellant	1ug	gas	200	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1ug_gas_	200_	191121-0012-	r001.d		200
12	Propellant	1mg	gas	280	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1mg_gas_	280_	191121-0013-	r001.d		280
13	Propellant	1ug	gas	280	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1ug_gas_	280_	191121-0014-	r001.d		280
14	Propellant	1mg	drying	14	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1mg_drying_	14_	191121-0015-	r001.d		14
15	Propellant	1ug	drying	14	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1ug_drying_	14_	191121-0016-	r001.d		14
16	Propellant	1mg	drying	16	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1mg_drying_	16_	191121-0017-	r001.d		16
17	Propellant	1ug	drying	16	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1ug_drying_	16_	191121-0018-	r001.d		16
18	Propellant	1mg	drying	18	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1mg_drying_	18_	191121-0019-	r001.d		18
19	Propellant	1ug	drying	18	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1ug_drying_	18_	191121-0020-	r001.d		18
20	Propellant	1mg	nebul	40	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1mg_nebul_	40_	191121-0021-	r001.d		40
21	Propellant	1ug	nebul	40	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1ug_nebul_	40_	191121-0022-	r001.d		40
22	Propellant	1mg	nebul	50	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1mg_nebul_	50_	191121-0023-	r001.d		50
23	Propellant	1ug	nebul	50	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1ug_nebul_	50_	191121-0024-	r001.d		50
24	Propellant	1mg	nebul	60	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1mg_nebul_	60_	191121-0025-	r001.d		60
25	Propellant	1ug	nebul	60	Maitre	Gunshot	Residue	Positive
	↳	Propellant_	1ug_nebul_	60_	191121-0026-	r001.d		60
...								

```

20 print(df.to_string())
21
22 # save as CSV
23 df.to_csv("worklist.csv")
24
25 # save as JSON
26 df.to_json("worklist.json", indent=2)

```

Output

worklist.csv worklist.json

DOCUMENTATION

3.1 Overview

`mh_utils` uses `tox` to automate testing and packaging, and `pre-commit` to maintain code quality.

Install `pre-commit` with `pip` and install the git hook:

```
$ python -m pip install pre-commit
$ pre-commit install
```

3.2 Coding style

`formate` is used for code formatting.

It can be run manually via `pre-commit`:

```
$ pre-commit run formate -a
```

Or, to run the complete autoformatting suite:

```
$ pre-commit run -a
```

3.3 Automated tests

Tests are run with `tox` and `pytest`. To run tests for a specific Python version, such as Python 3.6:

```
$ tox -e py36
```

To run tests for all Python versions, simply run:

```
$ tox
```

3.4 Type Annotations

Type annotations are checked using `mypy`. Run `mypy` using `tox`:

```
$ tox -e mypy
```

3.5 Build documentation locally

The documentation is powered by Sphinx. A local copy of the documentation can be built with `tox`:

```
$ tox -e docs
```

3.6 Downloading source code

The `mh_utils` source code is available on GitHub, and can be accessed from the following URL: https://github.com/domdfcoding/mh_utils

If you have `git` installed, you can clone the repository with the following command:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/domdfcoding/mh_utils"  
> Cloning into 'mh_utils'...  
> remote: Enumerating objects: 47, done.  
> remote: Counting objects: 100% (47/47), done.  
> remote: Compressing objects: 100% (41/41), done.  
> remote: Total 173 (delta 16), reused 17 (delta 6), pack-reused 126  
> Receiving objects: 100% (173/173), 126.56 KiB | 678.00 KiB/s, done.  
> Resolving deltas: 100% (66/66), done.
```

Alternatively, the code can be downloaded in a ‘zip’ file by clicking:

Clone or download → Download Zip

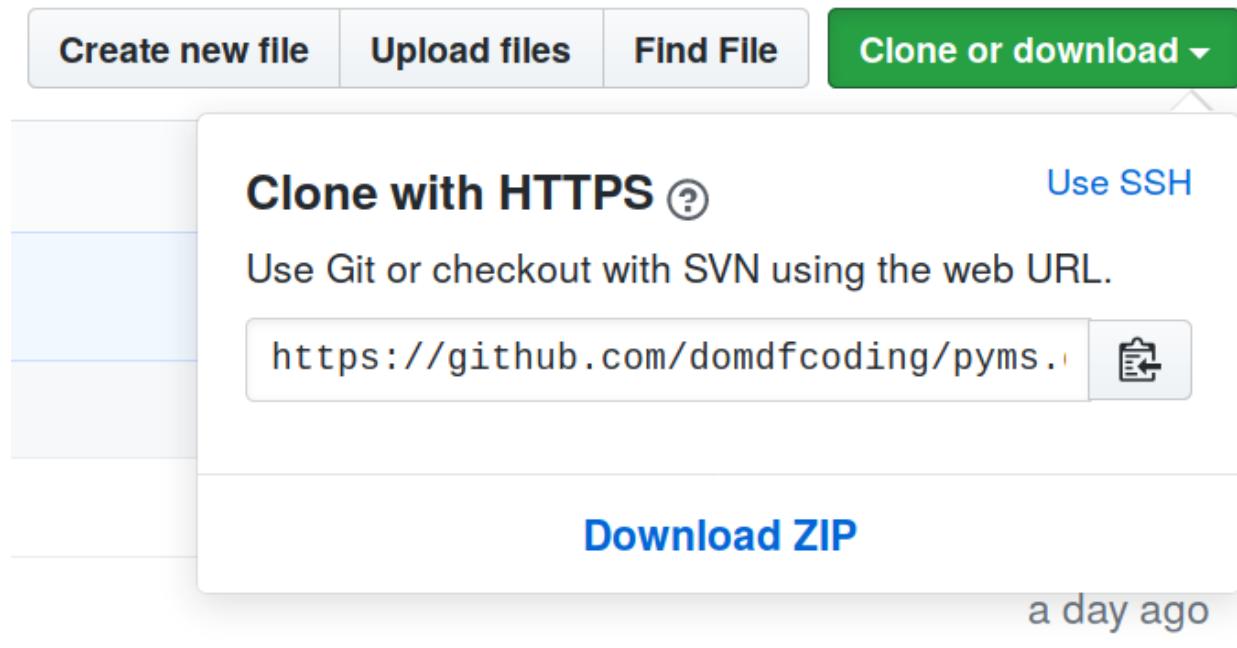


Fig. 1: Downloading a ‘zip’ file of the source code

3.6.1 Building from source

The recommended way to build `mh_utils` is to use `tox`:

```
$ tox -e build
```

The source and wheel distributions will be in the directory `dist`.

If you wish, you may also use `pep517.build` or another [PEP 517](#)-compatible build tool.

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